



## Safety Data Sheet

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

D688, Ultra Deep Crystal (28-57A)

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Automotive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** Meguiar's, Inc.  
**DIVISION:** Meguiar's

**ADDRESS:** 17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614, USA  
**Telephone:** 949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.  
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.  
Aspiration Hazard: Category 1.  
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

## Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

## Pictograms



## Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

## Precautionary Statements

### Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified**

7% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

7% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

47% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Ingredient             | C.A.S. No.    | % by Wt                  |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Petroleum Distillates  | 64742-47-8    | 15 - 40 Trade Secret *   |
| Acetone                | 67-64-1       | 10 - 30 Trade Secret *   |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane   | 107-46-0      | 10 - 30 Trade Secret *   |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | 67-63-0       | 3 - 7 Trade Secret *     |
| Stoddard Solvent       | 8052-41-3     | 3 - 7 Trade Secret *     |
| Trimethylated Silica   | 68988-56-7    | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *     |
| Acrylic Polymer        | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *     |
| Silicone Resin         | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 Trade Secret *     |
| Poly(Dimethylsiloxane) | 63148-62-9    | 0.5 - 2.5 Trade Secret * |
| Ethylbenzene           | 100-41-4      | < 0.5 Trade Secret *     |

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u>         | <u>Condition</u>  |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Formaldehyde             | During Combustion |
| Carbon monoxide          | During Combustion |
| Carbon dioxide           | During Combustion |
| Irritant Vapors or Gases | During Combustion |

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient           | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type   | Additional Comments                |
|----------------------|------------|--------|--|------------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene         | 100-41-4   | OSHA   | TWA:435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (100 ppm)                                |                                    |
| Ethylbenzene         | 100-41-4   | ACGIH  | TWA:20 ppm   | A3: Confirmed animal carcin.       |
| Kerosine (petroleum) | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH  | TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN |
| Isopropyl Alcohol    | 67-63-0    | ACGIH  | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:400 ppm   | A4: Not class. as human carcin     |
| Isopropyl Alcohol    | 67-63-0    | OSHA   | TWA:980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (400 ppm)                                |                                    |
| Acetone              | 67-64-1    | OSHA   | TWA:2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1000 ppm)                              |                                    |
| Acetone              | 67-64-1    | ACGIH  | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm   | A4: Not class. as human carcin     |
| Stoddard Solvent     | 8052-41-3  | ACGIH  | TWA:100 ppm  |                                    |
| Stoddard Solvent     | 8052-41-3  | OSHA   | TWA:2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm)                               |                                    |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

##### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions.

Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>General Physical Form:</b>                  | Liquid   |
| <b>Odor, Color, Grade:</b>                     | Characteristic, hydrocarbon-like odor; Clear liquid                |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>                          | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>pH</b>                                      | <i>Not Applicable</i>  |
| <b>Melting point</b>                           | <i>Not Applicable</i>  |
| <b>Boiling Point</b>                           | 300 - 311 °F   |
| <b>Flash Point</b>                             | 103 - 109 °F [ <i>Test Method:</i> Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]      |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                        | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>               | Not Applicable   |
| <b>Flammable Limits(LEL)</b>                   | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Flammable Limits(UEL)</b>                   | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Vapor Pressure</b>                          | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Vapor Density</b>                           | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Density</b>                                 | 0.75 - 0.81 g/ml   |
| <b>Specific Gravity</b>                        | 0.75 - 0.81 [ <i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]                             |
| <b>Solubility in Water</b>                     | Nil  |
| <b>Solubility- non-water</b>                   | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b> | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Autoignition temperature</b>                | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>               | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                               | <i>No Data Available</i>   |
| <b>Hazardous Air Pollutants</b>                | 0.5 - 1.3 % weight [ <i>Test Method:</i> Calculated]               |
| <b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>              | <=14.2 % weight [ <i>Test Method:</i> calculated per CARB title 2] |
| <b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>              | <=111 g/l [ <i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]      |
| <b>Percent volatile</b>                        | 90 - 100 %   |
| <b>VOC Less H2O &amp; Exempt Solvents</b>      | <=661 g/l [ <i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]      |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat  
Sparks and/or flames

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids  
Strong bases  
Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|------------------|------------------|
| None known.      |                  |

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

#### Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion:

Chemical (Aspiration) Pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Additional Health Effects:****Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

**Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient   | CAS No.  | Class Description             | Regulation                                  |
|--------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

| Name                   | Route                          | Species | Value  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product        | Dermal                         |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product        | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)         |         | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l     |
| Overall product        | Ingestion                      |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Petroleum Distillates  | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg                             |
| Petroleum Distillates  | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 3 mg/l                                  |
| Petroleum Distillates  | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| Acetone                | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg                            |
| Acetone                | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)     | Rat     | LC50 76 mg/l                                   |
| Acetone                | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 5,800 mg/kg                               |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane   | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                             |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane   | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)     | Rat     | LC50 106 mg/l                                  |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane   | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| Stoddard Solvent       | Inhalation-Vapor               |         | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l              |
| Stoddard Solvent       | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg                             |
| Stoddard Solvent       | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                             |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 12,870 mg/kg                              |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)     | Rat     | LC50 72.6 mg/l                                 |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 4,710 mg/kg                               |
| Poly(Dimethylsiloxane) | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg                            |
| Poly(Dimethylsiloxane) | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg                            |
| Ethylbenzene           | Dermal                         | Rabbit  | LD50 15,433 mg/kg                              |
| Ethylbenzene           | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)     | Rat     | LC50 17.4 mg/l                                 |
| Ethylbenzene           | Ingestion                      | Rat     | LD50 4,769 mg/kg                               |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

| Name                   | Species                 | Value                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Petroleum Distillates  | Rabbit                  | Mild irritant             |
| Acetone                | Mouse                   | Minimal irritation        |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane   | Rabbit                  | No significant irritation |
| Stoddard Solvent       | Rabbit                  | Irritant                  |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | Multiple animal species | No significant irritation |
| Poly(Dimethylsiloxane) | Rabbit                  | No significant irritation |
| Ethylbenzene           | Rabbit                  | Mild irritant             |

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

| Name                  | Species | Value           |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |
| Acetone               | Rabbit  | Severe irritant |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |



|                        |        |                           |
|------------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent       | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Isopropyl Alcohol      | Rabbit | Severe irritant           |
| Poly(Dimethylsiloxane) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Ethylbenzene           | Rabbit | Moderate irritant         |

### Skin Sensitization

| Name                  | Species    | Value           |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Petroleum Distillates | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Ethylbenzene          | Human      | Not sensitizing |

### Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name                  | Route    | Value  |
|-----------------------|----------|--|
| Petroleum Distillates | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Acetone               | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Acetone               | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Stoddard Solvent      | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Stoddard Solvent      | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Ethylbenzene          | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Ethylbenzene          | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

### Carcinogenicity

| Name                  | Route         | Species                 | Value  |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Petroleum Distillates | Dermal        | Mouse                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Acetone               | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic   |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | Inhalation    | Rat                     | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Dermal        | Mouse                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Inhalation    | Human and animal        | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | Inhalation    | Rat                     | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Ethylbenzene          | Inhalation    | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic   |

### Reproductive Toxicity

#### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name                 | Route      | Value  | Species | Test Result           | Exposure Duration    |
|----------------------|------------|--|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat     | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks             |
| Acetone              | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification     | Rat     | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l        | during organogenesis |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Inhalation | Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat     | NOAEL 33 mg/l         | 13 weeks             |

|                   |            |  |     |                     |                                |
|-------------------|------------|--|-----|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Stoddard Solvent  | Inhalation | Not toxic to development   | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l      | during organogenesis           |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion  | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis           |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 9 mg/l        | during gestation               |
| Ethylbenzene      | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l      | prematuring & during gestation |

### Target Organ(s)

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name                  | Route      | Target Organ(s)                   | Value  | Species                | Test Result         | Exposure Duration      |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |                        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | immune system                     | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                  | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l     | 6 hours                |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | liver                             | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig             | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone               | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                  | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                    | NOAEL 33 mg/l       | 6 hours                |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane  | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig             | LOAEL 22,900 mg/kg  | not applicable         |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |                        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Inhalation | nervous system                    | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog                    | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l      | 4 hours                |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Isopropyl Alcohol     | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                  | NOAEL Not available |                        |

|                   |            |                                   |  |                        |                     |                        |
|-------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | auditory system                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig             | NOAEL 13.4 mg/l     | 24 hours               |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                  | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Ethylbenzene      | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Ethylbenzene      | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Ethylbenzene      | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available |                        |

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name                 | Route      | Target Organ(s)                        | Value  | Species                 | Test Result            | Exposure Duration |
|----------------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone              | Dermal     | eyes                                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig              | NOAEL Not available    | 3 weeks           |
| Acetone              | Inhalation | hematopoietic system                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                   | NOAEL 3 mg/l           | 6 weeks           |
| Acetone              | Inhalation | immune system                          | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                   | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l        | 6 days            |
| Acetone              | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig              | NOAEL 119 mg/l         | not available     |
| Acetone              | Inhalation | heart   liver                          | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 45 mg/l          | 8 weeks           |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | kidney and/or bladder                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day    | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | heart                                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | hematopoietic system                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day    | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | liver                                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse                   | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day  | 14 days           |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | eyes                                   | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | respiratory system                     | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | muscles                                | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg      | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone              | Ingestion  | skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | All data are negative  | Mouse                   | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks          |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Dermal     | liver   kidney and/or bladder          | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day  | 28 days           |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 4 mg/l           | 13 weeks          |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Inhalation | hematopoietic system                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 33 mg/l          | 13 weeks          |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Inhalation | liver                                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 29 mg/l          | 15 days           |

|                      |            |  |  |                         |                     |           |
|----------------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | Inhalation | heart   endocrine system   immune system   nervous system   respiratory system | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 33 mg/l       | 13 weeks  |
| Stoddard Solvent     | Inhalation | nervous system   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | LOAEL 4.6 mg/l      | 6 months  |
| Stoddard Solvent     | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l      | 13 weeks  |
| Stoddard Solvent     | Inhalation | respiratory system   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l      | 90 days   |
| Stoddard Solvent     | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   liver   muscles                      | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 5.6 mg/l      | 12 weeks  |
| Stoddard Solvent     | Inhalation | heart  | All data are negative  | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l      | 90 days   |
| Isopropyl Alcohol    | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 12.3 mg/l     | 24 months |
| Isopropyl Alcohol    | Inhalation | nervous system   | All data are negative  | Rat                     | NOAEL 12 mg/l       | 13 weeks  |
| Isopropyl Alcohol    | Ingestion  | kidney and/or bladder  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 12 weeks  |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l      | 2 years   |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | liver  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse                   | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l      | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | hematopoietic system   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 3.4 mg/l      | 28 days   |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | auditory system  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l      | 5 days    |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | endocrine system   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse                   | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l      | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles                                      | All data are negative  | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.2 mg/l      | 90 days   |
| Ethylbenzene         | Inhalation | heart   immune system   respiratory system                                     | All data are negative  | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l      | 2 years   |
| Ethylbenzene         | Ingestion  | liver   kidney and/or bladder  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                     | NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day | 6 months  |

### Aspiration Hazard

| Name                  | Value             |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Petroleum Distillates | Aspiration hazard |
| Stoddard Solvent      | Aspiration hazard |
| Ethylbenzene          | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

### DOTG:

LIMITED QUANTITY

### DOTW:

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, II, LIMITED QUANTITY, -007C

### IATA:

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, II

### IMO:

UN1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, II, LIMITED QUANTITY, -007C

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

#### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

#### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications (effective January 1, 2018):

##### Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

**Health Hazards**

Aspiration Hazard

Carcinogenicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):****Ingredient**

Ethylbenzene

**C.A.S. No**

100-41-4

**% by Wt**

Trade Secret &lt; 0.5

**15.2. State Regulations**

Contact manufacturer for more information

**15.3. Chemical Inventories**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

**15.4. International Regulations**

Contact manufacturer for more information

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.****SECTION 16: Other information****NFPA Hazard Classification****Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None**

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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